







Dr. Kibachio J. Mwangi; MD, PhD. Medical Officer (NCD)
WHO - South Africa.





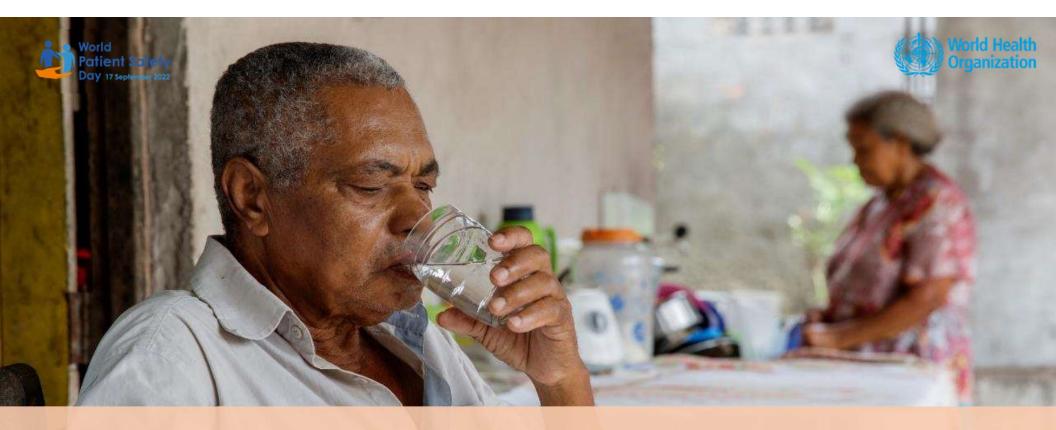
#### Rationale





- ☐ Huge burden of medication-related harm
  - Medication-related harm represents 50% of all preventable harm in medical care with prescribing and monitoring errors contributing to the highest sources
  - Medications mostly implicated are those that affect central nervous system and cardiovascular system
  - Elderly are most affected due to increasing multi-morbidities and resulting polypharmacy (1)

- 1. Hodkinson et al. (2020) Preventable medication harm across health care settings: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMC Medicine 18:313.
- 2. Aitken M, Gorokhovich L. Advancing the responsible use of medicines: applying levers for change. Parsippany (NJ), United States of America: IMS Institute for Healthcare Informatics; 2012
- 3. OECD. Economics of Patient Safety. 2020. https://www.oecd.org/health/health-systems/Economics-of-Patient-Safety-October-2020.pdf)



Every person around the world will, at some point in their life, take medicines to prevent or treat illness



Unsafe medication practices and medication errors are a leading cause of injury and avoidable harm in health care systems across the world



Medication-related harm accounts for up to half of the overall preventable harm in medical care









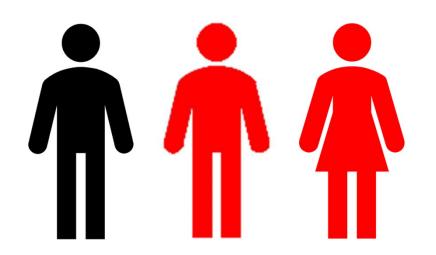
- Globally, the cost associated with medication errors has been estimated at US\$ 42 billion annually.
- In primary care alone across the OECD countries, this amounts to an average
   8.8% of the GDP



The highest rates of avoidable medication harm occur during prescribing, administering and monitoring of medications







Patients in low- and middleincome countries are twice more likely to experience preventable medication harm than patients in High-income countries



## Objectives of World Patient Safety Day 2022

- RAISE global awareness of the high burden of medication-related harm due to medication errors and unsafe practices, and ADVOCATE urgent action to improve medication safety
- 2. **ENGAGE** key stakeholders and partners in the efforts to prevent medication errors and reduce medication-related harm
- EMPOWER patients and families to be actively involved in the safe use of medication
- 4. **SCALE UP** implementation of the WHO Global Patient Safety Challenge: *Medication Without Harm*



## The Strategic Framework of the Global Patient Safety Challenge World Health Organization



- ✓ Four domains of the Challenge:
  - Patients and the public
  - Health care professionals
  - Medicines
  - Systems and practices of medication.
- ✓ Four subdomains.
- ✓ Three key action areas
  - Medication safety in transitions of care
  - Medication safety in polypharmacy

atient Safety

Medication safety in high-risk situations





#### Policy-maker and programme managers



- Integrate medication safety into every stage of patient care
- Co-design, implement and evaluate the impact of medication safety programmes

- Establish a patient safety incident reporting and learning system
- Launch <u>Know. Check. Ask.</u> as the medication safety campaign across the country





#### Health care leaders and facility managers



- Designate a multidisciplinary team
- Develop and implement standard operating procedures for safe medication use
- Have sufficient staff to cover patients' medication needs
- Provide trainings to health and care workers on safe medication use

- Operationalize incident reporting and learning system
- Create a safety culture
- Prioritize action in areas where
  most medication-related harm
  occurs, such as high-risk situations,
  transitions of care and
  polypharmacy





#### Health and care workers



- Keep their skills in safe medication practices up to date
- Engage patients through shared decision-making
- Provide clear medicationrelated information to all members of the clinical team

- Report and share medication safety incidents
- Mindful of situations where risk from medications is high
- They should mentor new members of their team on safe medication systems and practices





#### Patients, families and general public



- Check with their health worker that they have all the information they need
- Keep an up-to-date list of all medications
- Take their medications as recommended by their health worker

- They should be aware of the potential side-effects of their medications
- Storing of medications as indicated
- Raising concerns about their medications with your health worker





## Moments for Medication Safety



#### Starting a medication

- What is the name of this medication and what is it for?
- What are the risks and possible side-effects?



#### **Taking** my medication

- When should I take this medication and how much should I take each
- > What should I do if I have sideeffects?



#### Adding a medication

- Do I really need any other medication?
- Can this medication interact with my other medications?



#### Reviewing my medication

- How long should I take each medication?
- Am I taking any medications I no longer need?



#### Stopping my medication

- When should I stop each medication?
- If I have to stop my medication due to an unwanted effect, where should I report this?

The 5 Moments for Medication Safety are the key moments where action by the patient or caregiver can greatly reduce the risk of harm associated with the use of their medication/s. Each moment includes 5 critical questions. Some are self-reflective for the patient and some require support from a health professional to be answered and reflected upon correctly.

This tool for patient engagement has been developed as part of the third WHO Global Patient Safety Challenge. Medication Without Harm.

It is intended to engage patients in their own cars in a more active way, to encourage their curiosity about the medications they are taking, and to empower them to communicate openly with their health professionals.

This tool is intended for use by patients, their families and caregivers, with the help of health professionals, at all levels of care and across all settings.

Title of the presentation

WHISHIS/DOS/DOSS

C World Health Organization 2018. Some rights reserved. This work is annihable under the CC 89 NC SA 2,0 NO license.







### WHO Technical resources

#### **Publications**

- 1. Technical reports
  - ✓ Transitions of care
  - ✓ High-risk situations
  - ✓ Polypharmacy
- 2. Patient engagement tool:
  - ✓ 5 Moments for Medication Safety: different formats including mobile application
- 3. Strategic framework





World Health Organization



# Illuminate your monuments in orange on 17 September



## Join us in achieving...

## **Medication Without Harm**







