### **Chapter 3: Nutrition and Anaemia**



NATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH



AFFORDABLE MEDICINES
ESSENTIAL MEDICINES PROGRAMME



PRIMARY HEALTHCARE GUIDELINES 2020-4 REVIEW CYCLE







#### **EVIDENCE**

Please access the National Essential Medicines List Committee (NEMLC) report for detailed evidence (including rationale, references and costings) informing decision-making on medicine addition, amendments and deletions:

- Knowledge Hub: <a href="https://knowledgehub.health.gov.za/elibrary/hospital-level-adults-standard-treatment-guidelines-stgs-and-essential-medicines-list-eml">https://knowledgehub.health.gov.za/elibrary/hospital-level-adults-standard-treatment-guidelines-stgs-and-essential-medicines-list-eml</a>
- NHI webpage: <a href="https://www.health.gov.za/nhi-edp-stgs-eml/">https://www.health.gov.za/nhi-edp-stgs-eml/</a>

#### **DISCLAIMER**

This slide set is an implementation tool and should be used alongside the most recently published STG available on the EML Clinical Guide Application. This information does not supersede or replace the STG itself.





# Uncomplicated Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)



#### **DESCRIPTION**

Children with SAM > 6 months and > 4kg having no pitting oedema, presenting as alert with a good appetite, feeding well and having no danger signs or severe classification

#### **CHANGES**

- Referral criteria ADDED:
  - Children showing developmental delay to be referred for rehabilitation

#### **REASON**

 Routine-based early intervention may improve development





### Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)



#### **DESCRIPTION**

Children and infants > 6 months who have either a relevant WHZ score, MUAC, no pitting oedema or SAM danger signs, or a good appetite

#### **CHANGES**

- Referral criteria ADDED:
  - Children showing developmental delay to be referred for rehabilitation

#### **REASON**

 Routine-based early intervention may improve development





## Obesity and Overweight



#### **DESCRIPTION**

Abnormal or excessive fat accumulation that my impair health.

#### **CHANGES**

- Referral criteria AMENDED:
  - Children should be referred to physiotherapists (and dieticians) where relevant

#### **REASON**

 Dietary interventions combined with physical interventions may decrease BMI







## Thank you

https://www.knowledgehub.org.za/content/standard-treatment-guidelines-and-essential-medicines-list



