

# Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS) Network

Patient Safety Webinar: Neonatal and Child Infections

17 September 2025









Building Knowledge. Saving Children's Lives.

#### **Presentation Overview:**

- 1. Introduction to Wits VIDA & CHAMPS
- 2. Brief Findings: Across the CHAMPS Network
- 3. Brief Findings: SA-Specific Data
- 4. Findings and Activities in Relation to Enhancing Patient Safety







## **About Us**

The Vaccines and Infectious Diseases Analytics (VIDA)is a renowned African-led research unit established in 1995.

- High-quality, translational scientific research
- We save lives in Africa and LMICs
- Clinical & Molecular epidemiology of vaccine-preventable diseases
- Vaccine development & assessment
- Immunology of vaccines
- Basic Science research









#### About CHAMPS



What We Stand For

#### The CHAMPS Promise

CHAMPS transforms data into action, working at the local, national and global levels to ensure sustainable changes in policies, systems, and health interventions to accelerate improvements in child health.



#### **Reducing Child Mortality**

Our data catalyzes evidence-driven interventions that can save the lives of millions of children.



#### **Data to Action**

CHAMPS transforms data into action, working with partners to use our findings to inform interventions that address under-five mortality.



#### **Building Local Capacity**

CHAMPS works with communities, ministries of health and national public health institutes to strengthens local health and science capacity.



#### **Data Sharing**

Our open-access data sharing and diverse, multi-sectoral partnerships drive evidence-based interventions.





CHAMPS engages communities, identifies and examines deaths, then feeds back results to families and communities









Community Engagement







**Case Enrollment** 





Surveillance

#### **CHAMPS**

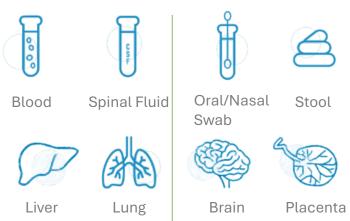
# How Do We Produce High Quality Data?

#### 1. Data collection

- Deaths identified within 72 hours
- Parents provide consent
- Family interviews--"Verbal Autopsy"
- Clinical Records Review

#### 2. Examination

- Photographs
- Physical Measurements
- Specimen collection--"MITS"



#### 3. Laboratory testing

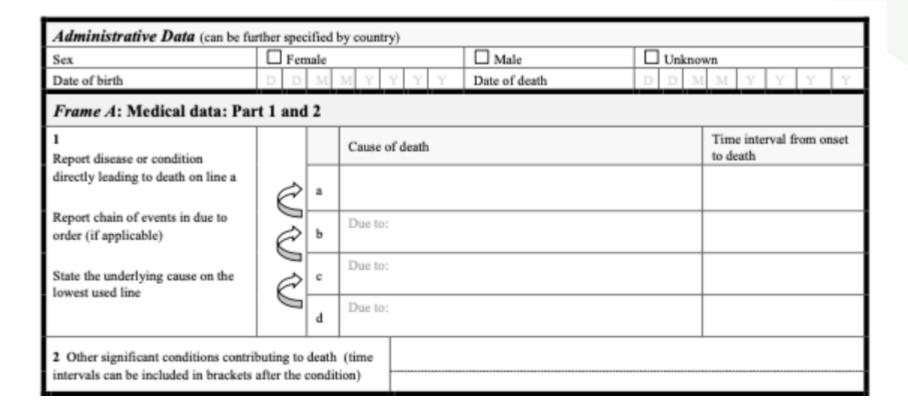
- Culture for bacteria
- Rapid tests for HIV, TB, Malaria
- Molecular (PCR) tests for infectious organisms
- Pathology examination of tissues

Cause of Death
Determination
(DeCoDe)
CHAMPS Insights





## Coding Causal Pathway to Death - WHO



#### **CHAMPS**

# **Empowers People and Organizations to Act**

#### **CHAMPS** data

#### **Families**

- Understand why their child died -- closure
- Apply knowledge to improve health of other or future children
- Understand causes of death in their communities

#### Community

- Learn about topics such as proper nutrition, prenatal care, danger signs
- Make changes in prenatal care practices
- Create or improve services such as emergency transportation

#### **Health facilities**

- Clinical staff understand what went wrong with their patients
- Hospital leaders review and improve clinical practices to improve outcomes
- Stronger pathology services

## National Public Health Agencies

- Revise health policies
- Engage CHAMPS infrastructure in emergency response
- Launch specific actions, e.g.
- ✓ Emergency Feeding Programs (Sierra Leone)
- Aspirin to combat pre-eclampsia (South Africa)
- ✓ Fortified salt for neural tube defects (Ethiopia)

#### **Global Institutions**

- Revise program priorities, e.g. responding to undiagnosed child deaths from HIV
- Vaccine development in response to new data on high burden of drug-resistant bacteria e.g. *Klebsiella*
- Improve accuracy of models for disease burden estimates





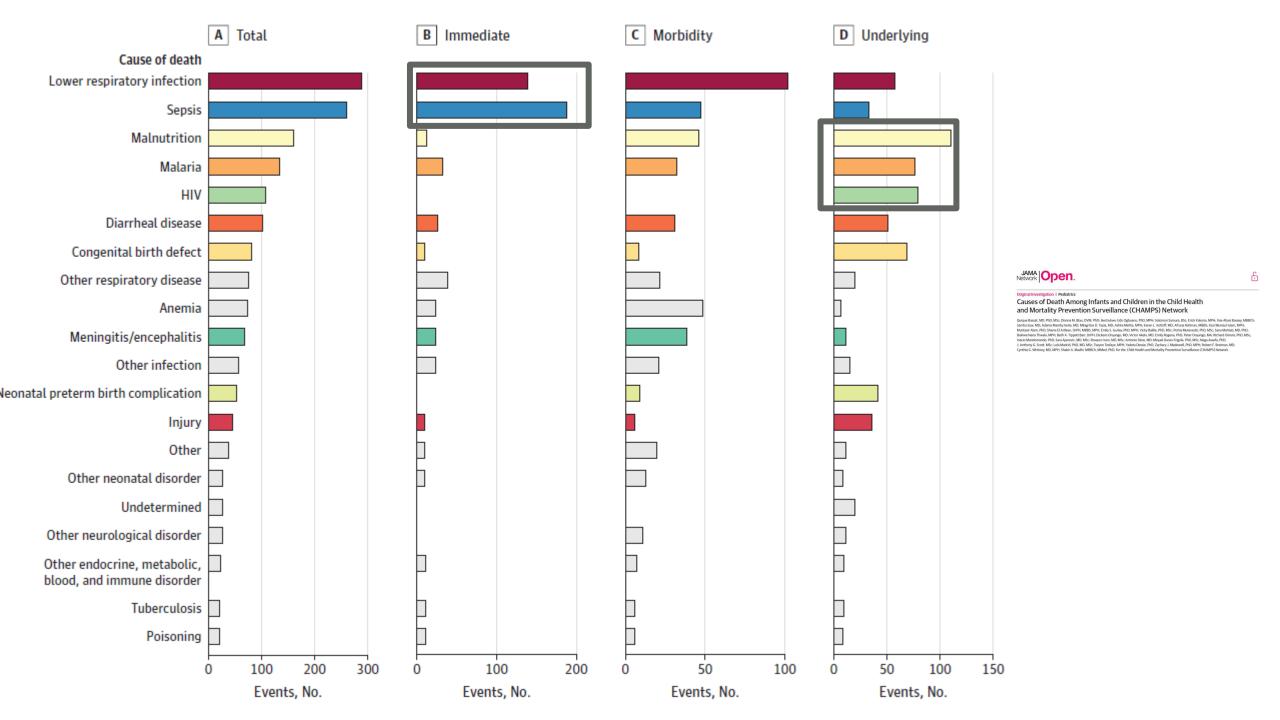


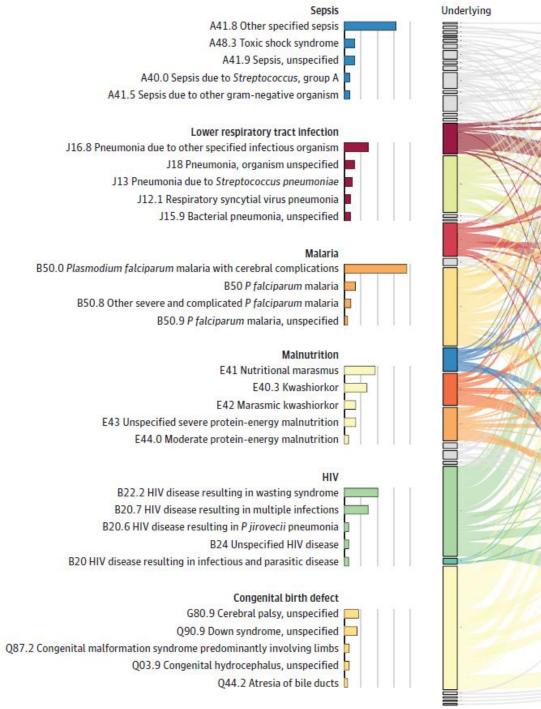
Cross Network Data

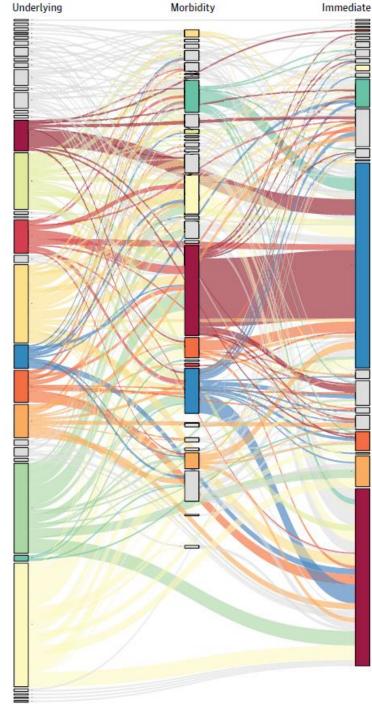
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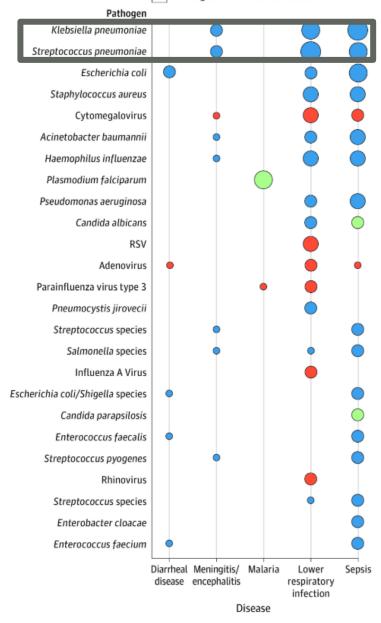


Original Investigation | Pediatrics

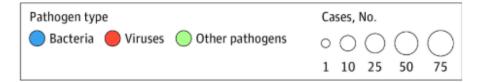
#### Causes of Death Among Infants and Children in the Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS) Network

Quique Bassat, MD, Ph.D. MSc; Dianna M, Blau, DVM, Ph.D. Itechniukovu Ldo Ogbusnur, Ph.D. MPH; Solemon Samura, BSc; Erick Kaluma, MPH; Ima-Abasi Bassey, MBBCh; Samura Abam Mamby Keita, MD, Milagittos D, Tapia, MD, Ashia Mehta, MPH; Karen L, Kotloff, MD, Krimar Rahman, MBBS, Kazi Munisul Islam, MPH; Muntasir Alam, PhD; Shams El Arifeen, DPH, MBBS, MPH; Emily S, Gulrey, PhD, MPH; Victy Ballile, PhD, MSc; Fortha Muteved; PhD, MSc; Sana Mahtab, MD, PhD; Buliwe Nana Thwala, MPH; Beth A. Tippett Barr, DPH; Dickers Oryango, MD; Victor Alebo, MD; Emily Rogena, PhD. Peter Oryango, MA; Richard Omore, PhD, MSc; Inacio Mandomado, PhD; Sara Aganovic, MD, MSc; Gosaur Vaxor, MD, Kej; Antonio Siftoe, MD, Sirugh Rogena, PhD. Peter Oryango, MA; Richard Omore, PhD, MSc; Inacio Mandomado, PhD; Sara Aganovic, MD, MSc; Gosaur Vaxor, MD, Kej; Antonio Siftoe, MD, Sirugh Gupara, PhD, PhD, MPH; Assard, PhD, JA arthory G. Scott, MSc; Lola Madrid, PhD, MD, MSc; Tseyon Tesfaye, MPH; Yadeta Dessie, PhD, Zachary J, Madewell, PhD, MPH; Robert F, Breiman, MD; Cyrthla G, Wilhier, MD, MPH; Shibr, A Madhi, MBBCh, MMed, PhD, for the Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (MRMPS) network

#### B Etiologies of immediate causes



## Relative contribution of different pathogens to the most common syndromes





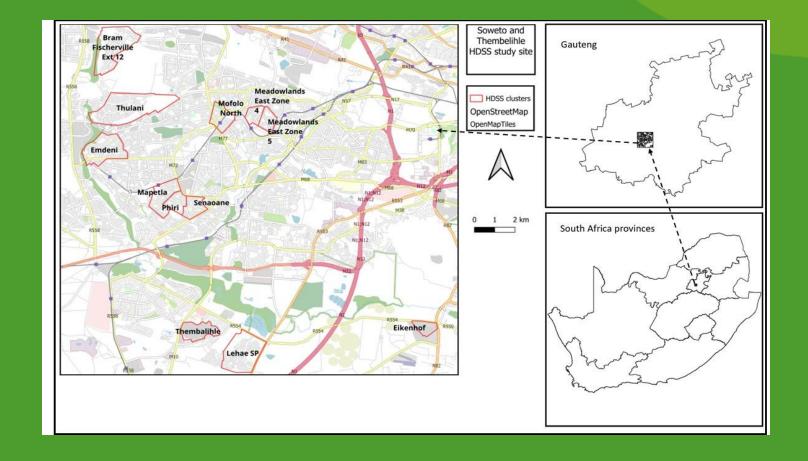
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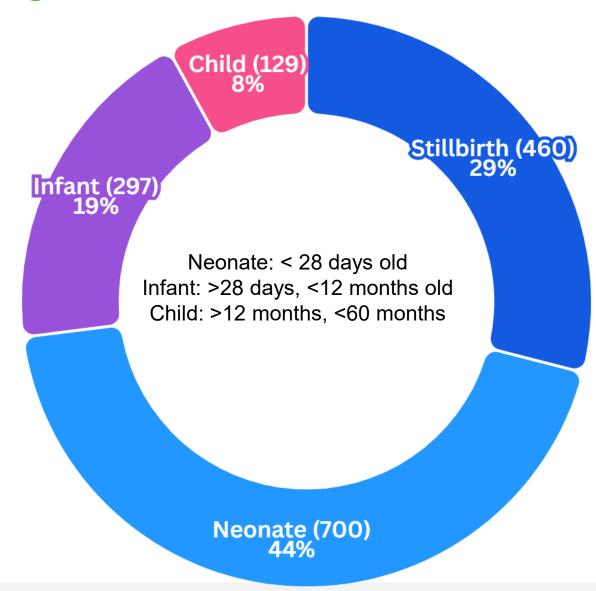
# South African Findings

- Soweto





## Age Distribution of Cases Enrolled







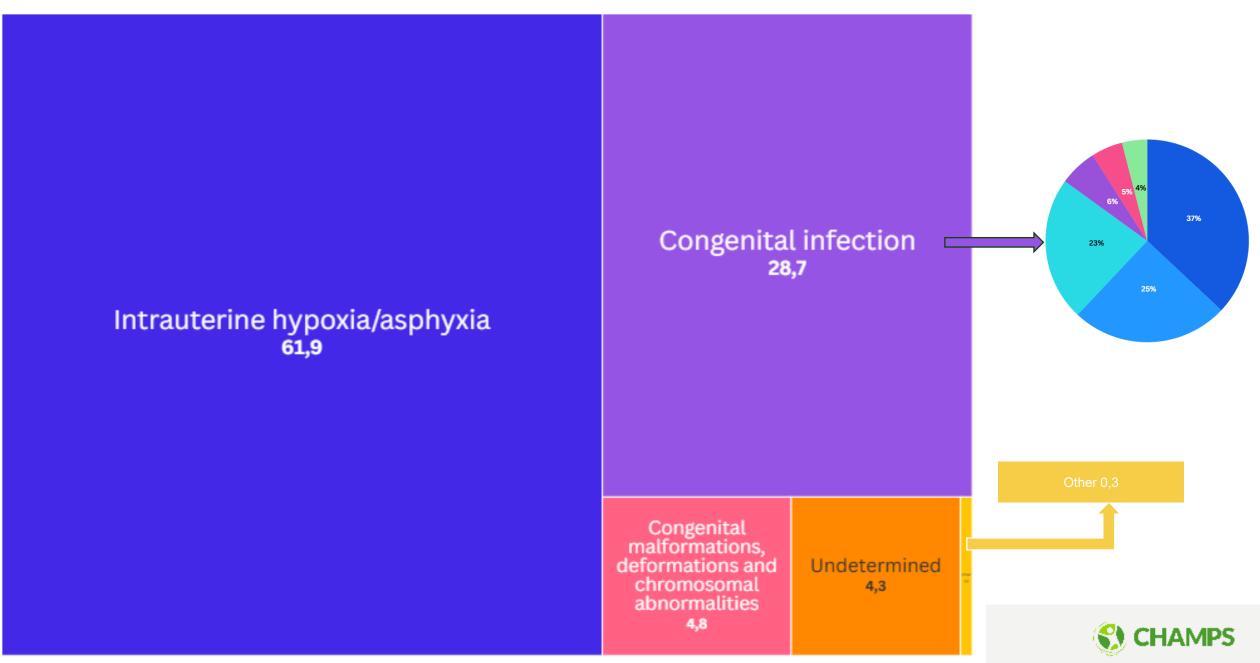


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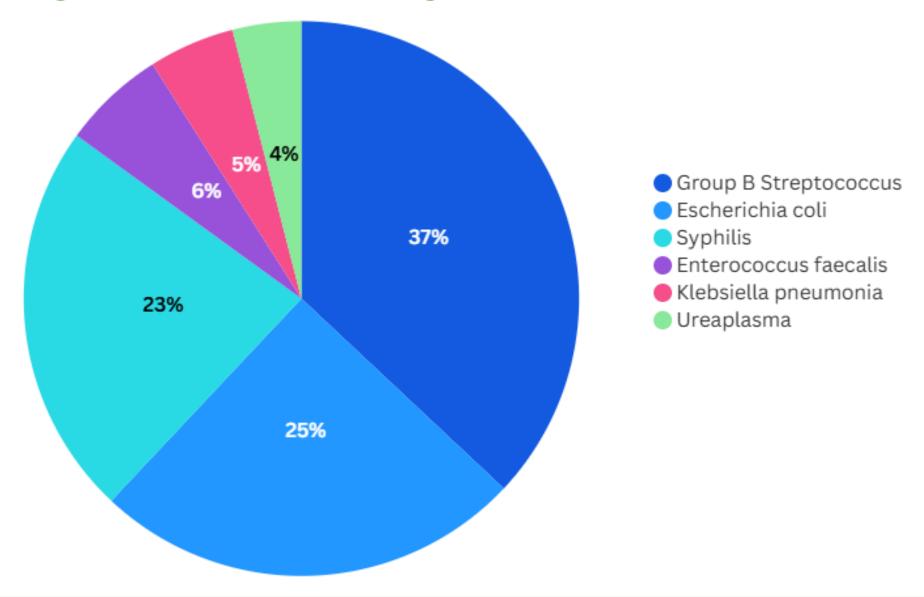


## Stillbirths

## **Underlying Cause of Death in Stillbirths (%)**



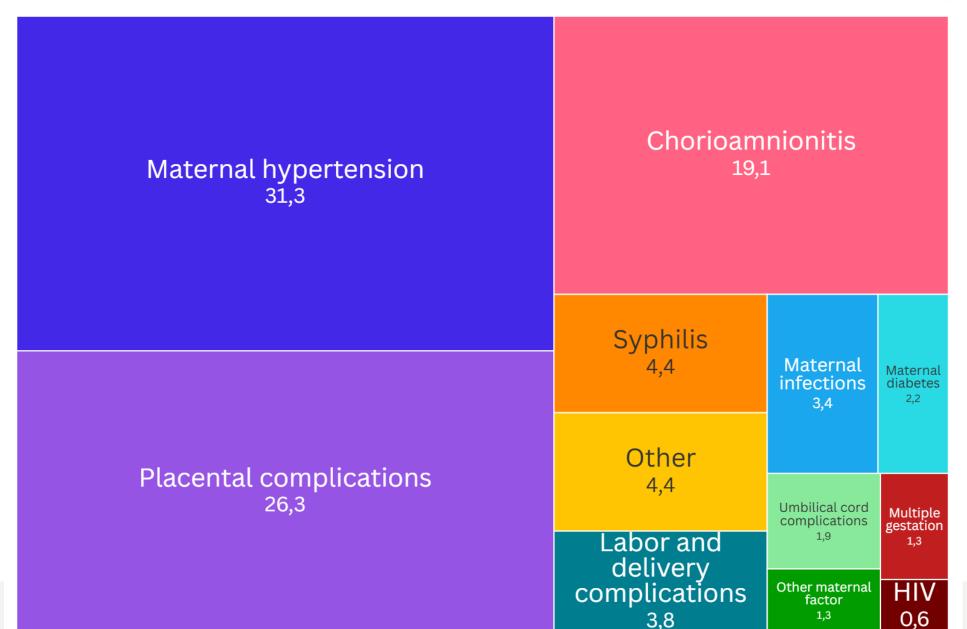
## **Congenital Infection Organisms in Stillbirths**





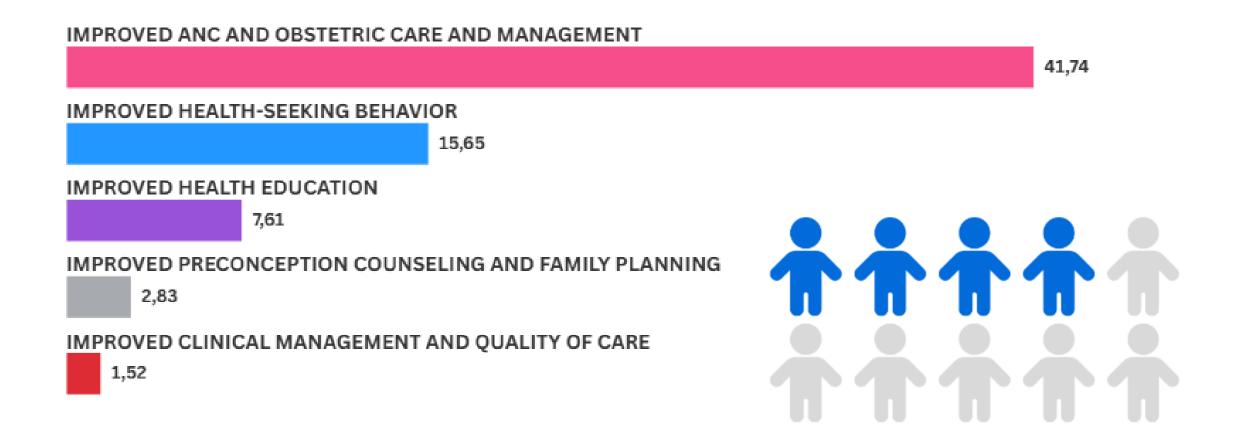


## Main Maternal Cause of Death in Stillbirths (%)





## **Preventability - Stillbirths (%)**



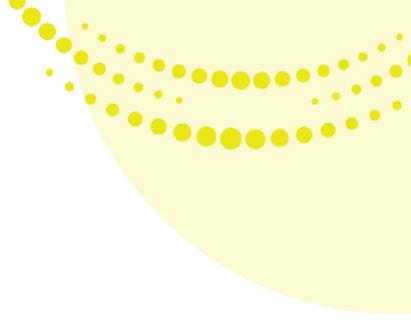
<sup>\*</sup>More than 1 preventability recommendation can be given per case





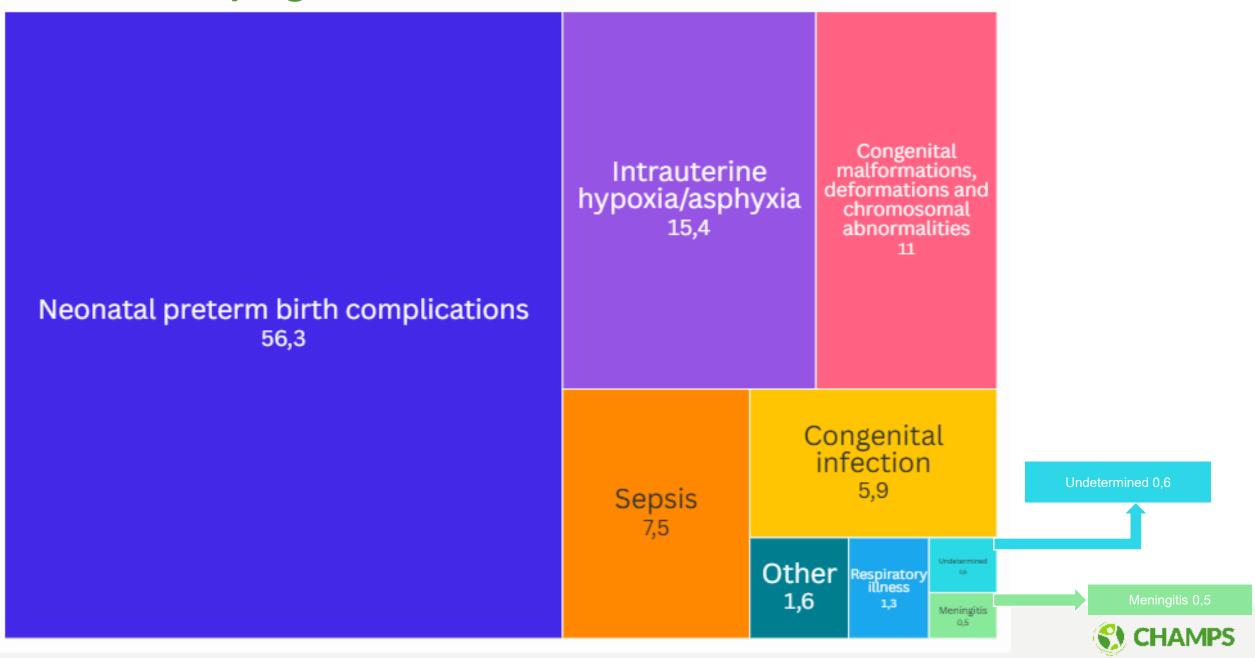


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## Neonates

## **Underlying Cause of Death in Neonates - %**



## Immediate Cause of Death in Neonates (%)

33,6 Sepsis 52,4 Respiratory illness 8,6

Neonatal preterm birth complications

Meningitis 3,3

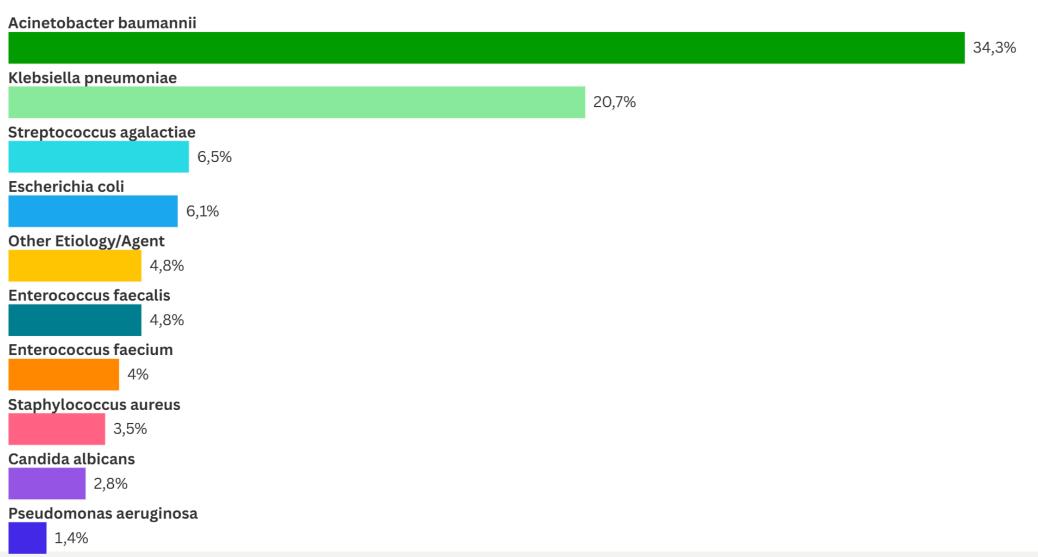
> Other 1,8

Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities 0,2



## Top 10 Organisms in the Causal Pathway to Death (Neonates)

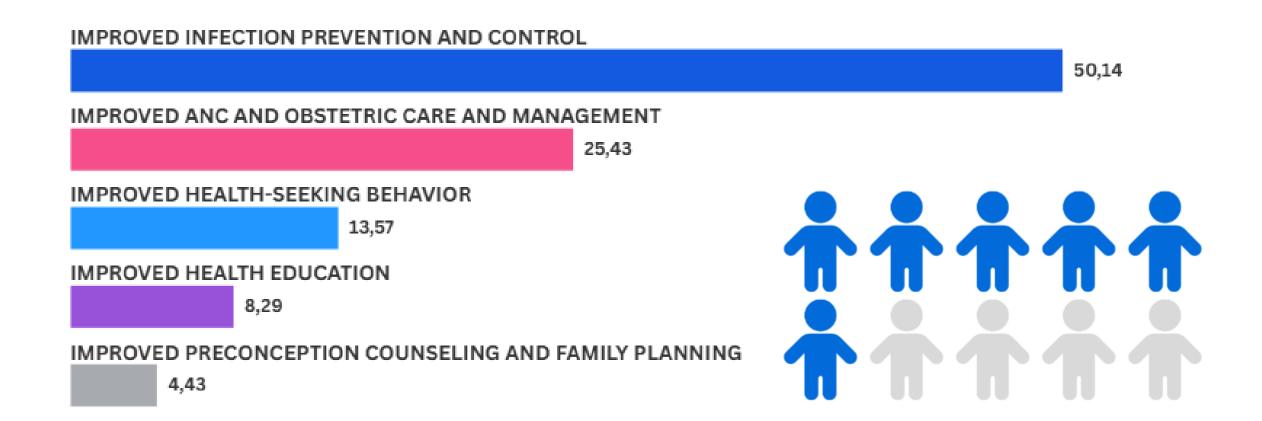
Data is presented as proportion of total organisms (%)







## **Preventability - Neonates (%)**



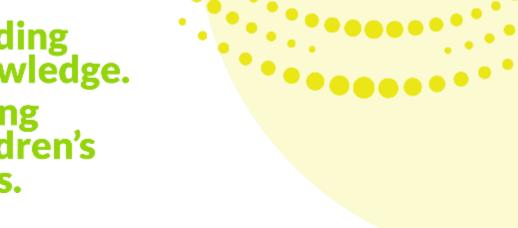
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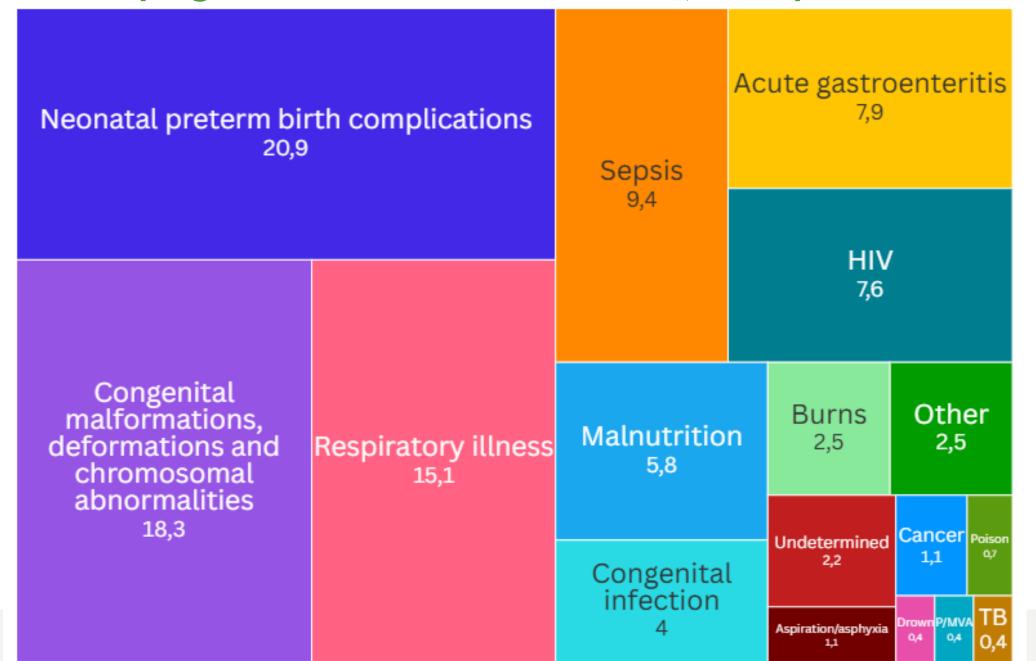


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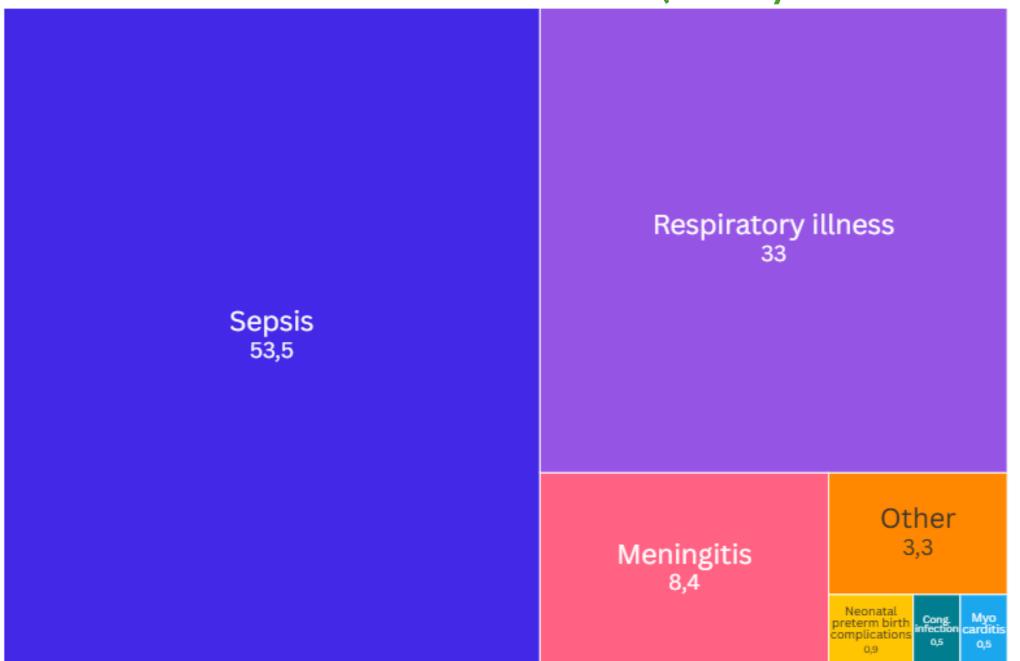
## Infants (28 days to <12 months)

### Underlying Cause of Death in Infants (28 days to <12 months) - %





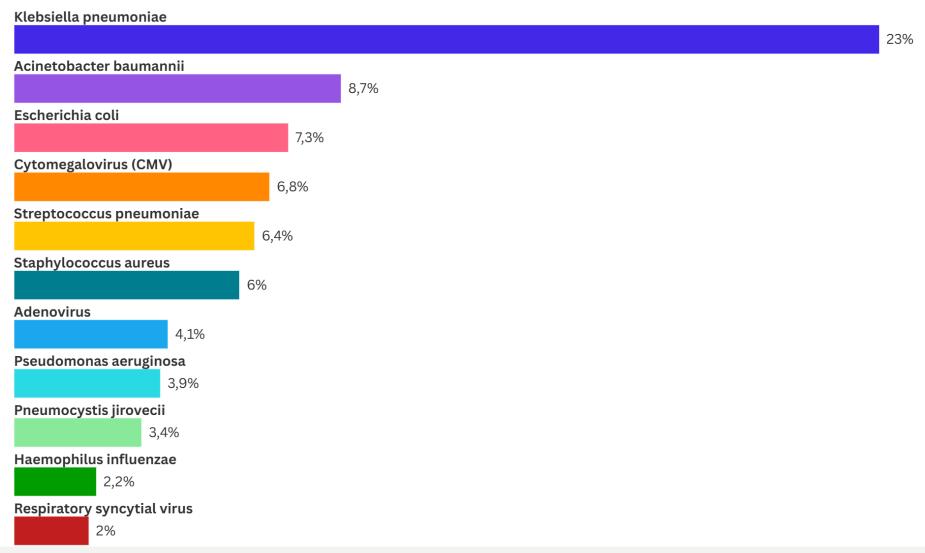
### Immediate Cause of Death in Infants (28 days to <12 months) - %





## Top 10 Organisms in the Causal Pathway to Death (Infants)

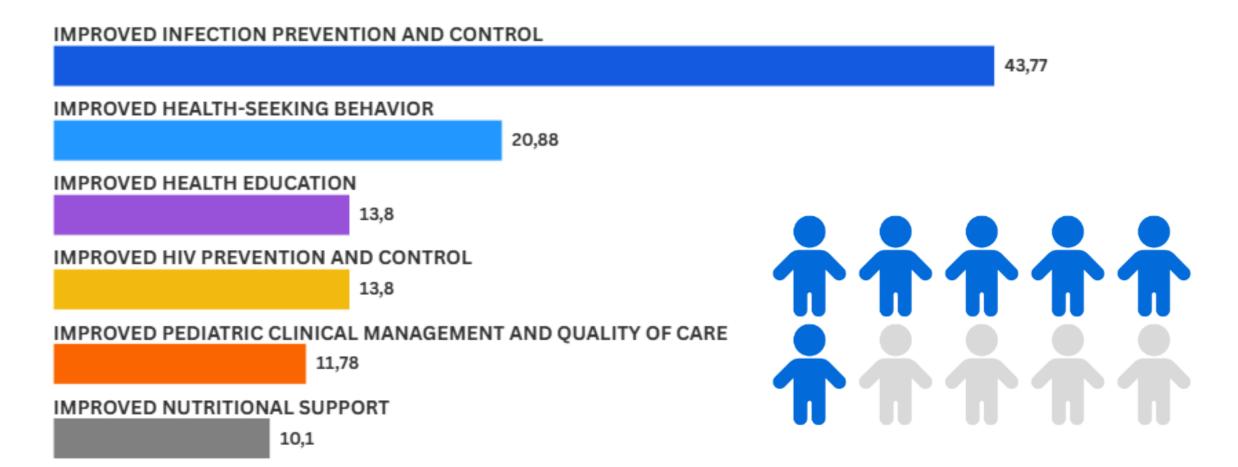
Data is presented as proportion of total organisms (%)







## **Preventability - Infants (%)**



<sup>\*</sup>More than 1 preventability recommendation can be given per case



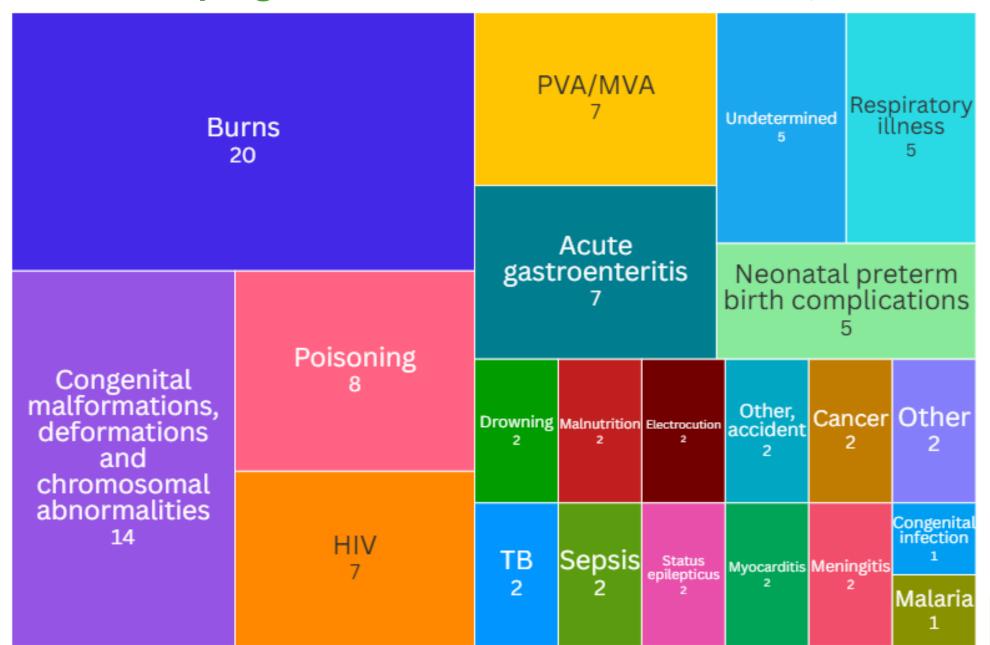




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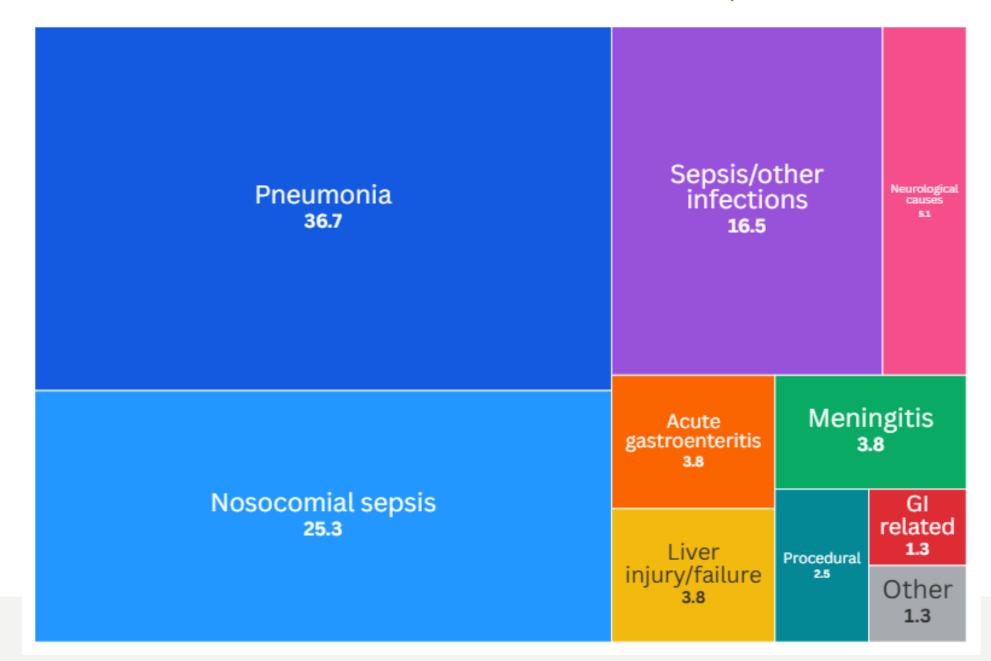


## Underlying Cause of Death in Children (12 to 59 months) - %



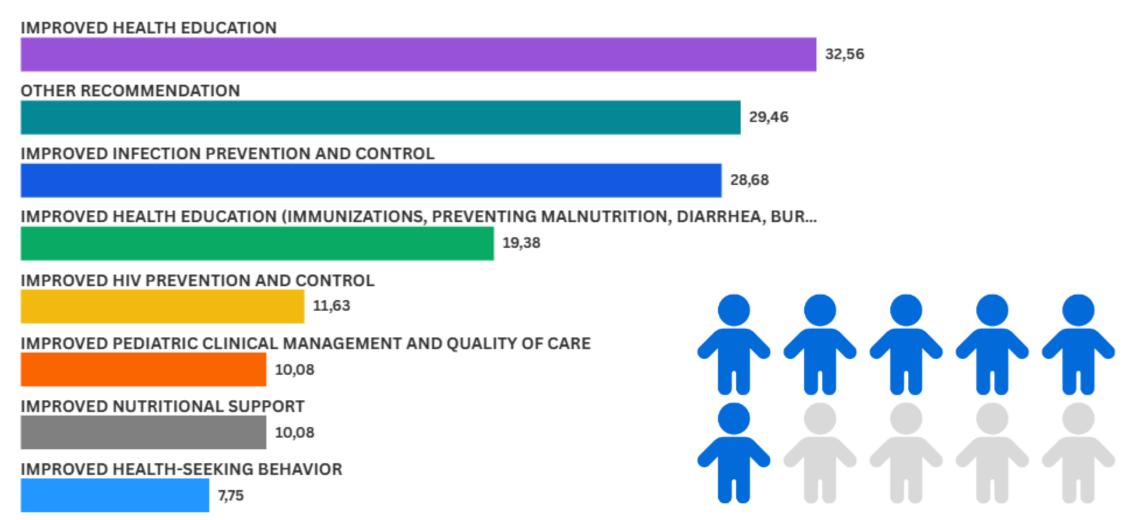


### Immediate Cause of Death in Children (12 to 59 months) - %





## Preventability - Children 12-59 months (%)



<sup>\*</sup>More than 1 preventability recommendation can be given per case





### Raising Awareness of Safety Risks in Paediatric and Newborn Care

- High burden of preventable deaths (~60%)
- Leading causes of death:
  - Stillbirths linked to maternal hypertension and placental issues
  - Neonatal deaths driven by preterm complications and AMR infections
  - Child and infant deaths from respiratory infections, sepsis, and injuries (burns, accidents and poisoning)
- System gaps:
  - Improvements in infection control
  - Limited maternal data hinder prevention efforts



Mobilize Stakeholders for Safer Newborn & Child Care





## **Empowering Families in Patient Safety**

- Community Engagement:
  - CAB, information sharing
  - Qualitative research
- Strengthening the use of the Road-to-Health Booklet (RTHB)
- Family-Centered Care
- Creating Safer Home Environments
- Tailored Support & Education





## Strengthening Research in Paediatric & Newborn Patient Safety

#### Innovative Methods:

MITS, advanced diagnostics, WGS studies target AMR pathogens.

#### AI & Data Innovation:

 Tools for cause-of-death prediction, pathology interpretation, and real-time dashboards to enhance efficiency.

#### Surveillance Platforms:

• HDSS and pregnancy surveillance platforms track maternal and child health; Social behavioral sciences team ensures culturally relevant insights.

#### • Implementation Science:

- Research to informs interventions (designed in collaboration with communities and stakeholders)
- Areas of focus include premature care, RTHB enhancement, and family care packages.







Scan for local underlying cause of death data shared in this presentation



Scan to see more data on the CHAMPS website (or view: https://champshealth.org/data/)



Thank you

