

# Adult Primary Care (APC) 2023 Clinical Tool Updates



**OPENING REMARKS** 



Jeanette R Hunter 2 November 2023





#### INTRODUCTION



Primary Health care has long been recognised as the cornerstone of sustainable health systems for Universal Health Coverage,

First Declaration of Alma-Ata in 1978,

Renewed in the Declaration of Astana in 2018,

September 2023 in New York at the UN General Assembly meeting on Universal Health Coverage in a post COVID world



Minister MJ Phaahla: "We have made good progress in transforming the public health sector into an integrated national system, with a primary healthcare approach being the underlying philosophy and the foundation of the implementation of a district health system and preparing for universal health coverage."







COMMUNITY
BASED
SERVICES
(CHWs, School
Health,
Environmental
Health)

CLINICAL SERVICES IN HEALTH FACILITIES

DIAGNOSTIC AND PARA-CLINICAL SERVICES

MEDICINE SUPPLIES

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

#### **REFERRAL SYSTEM**

Administrative processes

Finance and Supply Chain Management

**Human Resources Management and Legal Services** 

Infrastructure (Buildings, Equipment, ICT)

Information Management

**Security Services** 

Leadership, Governance and Community Participation

A B O R A T I



# Before ICRM, ICSM and APC





#### THE PROBLEMATIC PATIENT JOURNEY

Lack of proper

health promotion/

education

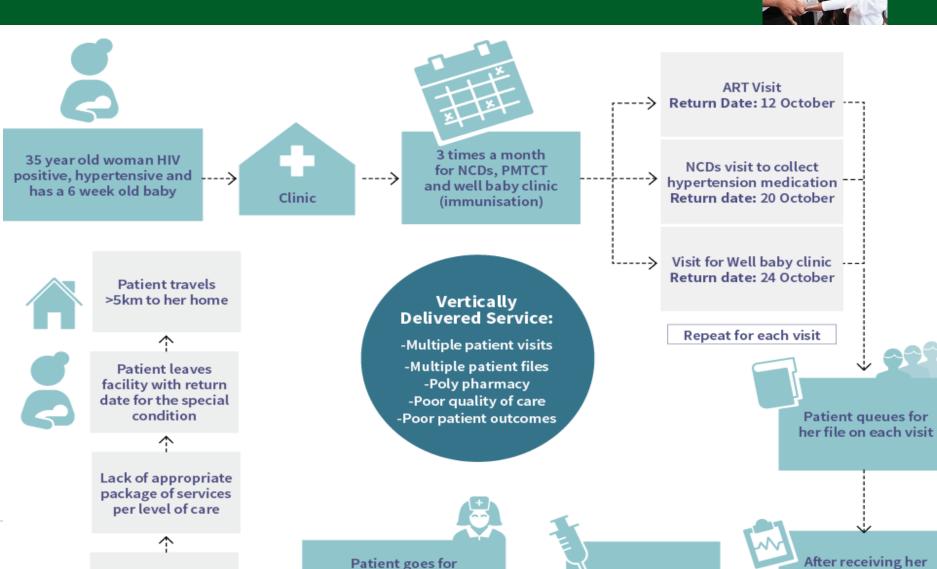


file, patient goes to vital

room for vital signs

Patient goes for

blood test



consultation. Medication

dispensed from consulting

room or goes to pharmacy

#### **UHC AND ICRM**

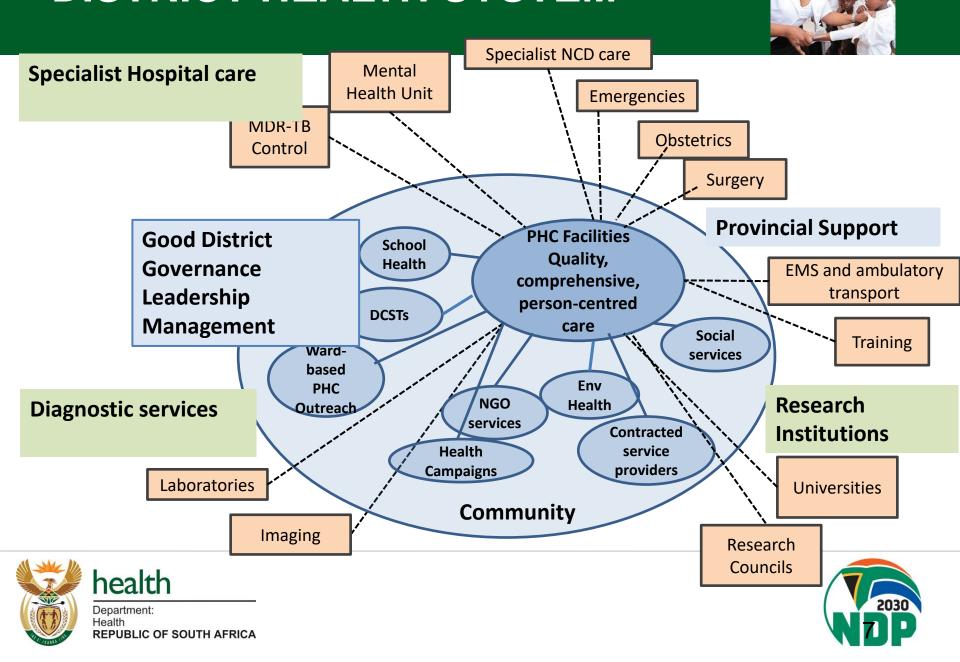


- SA's strength in pursuit UHC is its nurse-led public sector primary health care clinics
- The launch of the Ideal Clinic initiative in July 2013 followed the government's green paper on National Health Insurance:
- An Ideal Clinic:
  - good infrastructure
  - adequate staff
  - adequate medicine and supplies
  - good administrative processes
  - sufficient bulk supplies
  - uses applicable clinical policies, protocols, guidelines as well as partner and stakeholder support, to ensure the provision of quality health services to the community.



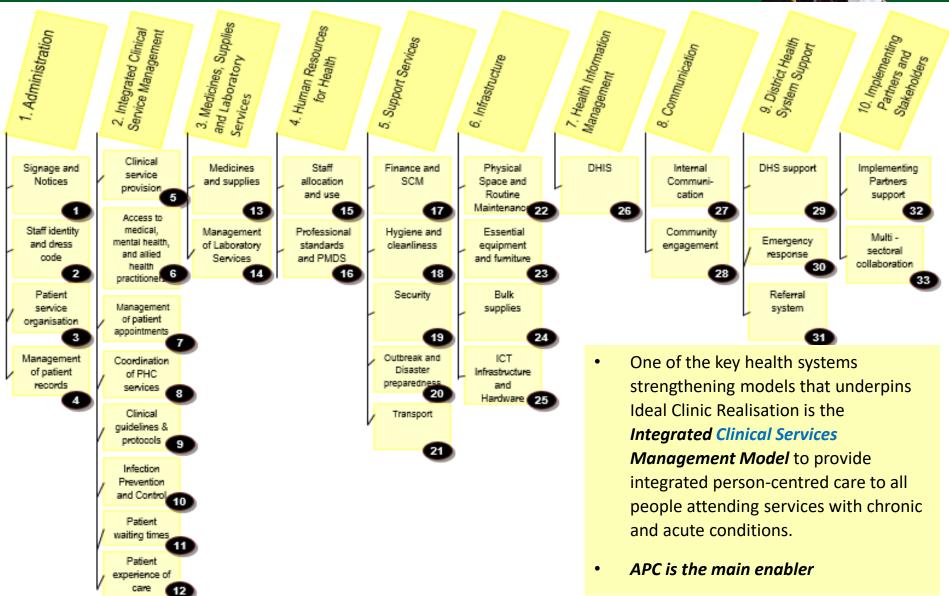


## DISTRICT HEALTH SYSTEM



# ICRM FRAMEWORK 10 COMPONENTS AND 33 SUBCOMPONENTS





# **ICRM PROGRESS**



Province	Total # facilities	# IC 2015/16	% IC 2015/16	# IC 2021/22	% IC 2021/22	# IC 2022/23	% IC 2022/23	# OHSC COMP	% OHSC COMP
Eastern Cape	776	14	1,8%	178	23,0%	192	24,7%	85	11%
Free State	219	22	9,9%	143	65,6%	154	70,3%	56	25%
Gauteng	371	89	24,2%	341	92,4%	358	96,8%	98	26%
KwaZulu-Natal	607	141	23,2%	511	84,2%	559	92,4%	253	42%
Limpopo	478	27	5,6%	167	34,6%	109	22,6%	34	7%
Mpumalanga	294	19	6,6%	173	59,0%	235	79,9%	92	31%
Northern Cape	161	3	1,9%	35	21,6%	27	16,8%	6	4%
North West	307	7	2,3%	180	58,1%	205	66,6%	56	18%
Western Cape	258		0,0%	200	76,0%	207	80,9%	50	19%
South Africa	3471	322	9,3%	1928	55,4%	2046	58,9%	730	21%

#### **CHALLENGES**



- Two pandemics over last two decades warded off by PHC
- Rise in incidence of NCD





#### **OVERCOMING CHALLENGES**



- Strong partnerships!
  - Our communities
  - Other government departments
  - Private Sector
  - NGO's and civil society organizations
  - Academia
    - Professor Lara Fairall and her team University of Cape Town's Knowledge Translation Unit.







## **THANK YOU**

FOR YOUR CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS HEALTH SYSTEM STRENGTHENING!



Doing good for others is not a duty...

It is a Joy!

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